

《英语》试卷 1（适用班级： ）

一. 语音题。(5 分)

1. Rubber A. support B. super C. human D. upstairs
2. school A. chair B. teach C. church D. stomach
3. stayed A. helped B. replied C. worked D. fetched
4. question A. suggestion B. mention C. reception D. population
5. thirsty A. together B. strength C. otherwise D. therefore

二. 单项选择.(25 分)

1. he gave me two answers ____ the question, but ____ of them is right.
A. of; neither B. to; both C. to; neither D. of; none
2. On the way ____ school, I met an old friend of mine .
A.to B. at C. on D. for
3. The Smiths are proud _____ his honest son.
A. of B. on C. with D, for
4. We'll have a picnic if it _____ tomorrow.
A. rains B. doesn't rain C. will rain D. won't rain
5. _____ your coat when you go out.
A. Try on B. Dress C. Put on D. Wear
6. Smoking can ____ cancer, especially lung cancer.
A. make B. from C. cause D. hold
7. Would you like to _____ anything to what I've just said, Iane/
A. offer B. add C. provide D. consider

8. He ____ quite a lot when he was young.
A. use to travel B. is used to travel C. used to travel D. was used to travel
9. I found ____ important to read English loudly in the morning.
A. that B. it C. this D. the one
10. You'd better _____ this word up in the dictionary.
A. look B. looking C. looked D. to look
11. We avoid ____ through big cities on our trip only because of the traffic problems.
A. to drive B. driving C. and drove D. but drove
12. When we heard his story, we couldn't help _____.
A. to laugh B. laugh C. laughing D. laughed
13. Don't forget _____ this magazine to Lisa this afternoon.
A. to return B. returning C. return D. to returning
14. Ask Tom _____ on the wall.
A. not write B. don't write C. write not D. not to write
15. John was made _____ the car for a week as a punishment.
A. wash B. to wash C. washing D. to be washing
16. I don't know _____.
A. where lives he B. she lives where C. where she lives D. where does she live
17. The best book _____ he wrote is probably this one, but some people don't think so.
A. that B. which C. what D. /
18. He is the man _____ car was set on fire yesterday.
A. which B. who's C. whose D. his
19. He got up early _____ he could catch up with the train.

A. in order to B. because C. even if D. in order that

20.Child ____ he is, he knows quite a lot about the history of China.

A. although B. as C. despite D. as though

21.The number of people who ____ cars ____ increasing.

A. own; are B. own; is C. owns; is D. owns; are

22.It was not until 10 o'clock ____ he got up this morning.

A. that B. when C. which D. at which

23.Hardly ____ the railway station when the train started.

A. did I reach B. had I reached C. I reached D. I had reached

24.She had ____ little education that she couldn't teach ____ little children.

A. such; as B. so; so C. so; such D. such; such

25.Great changes ____ in my hometown since liberation.

A. have taken place B. have been taken place C. took place D. have happened

三.完形填空.(10 分)

When you are learning English, you find__1__ stupid to translate an English sentence, word for word, into your__2__ language. Take the sentence “How do you do?” as an example. If you __3__ each word in the dictionary, one at a time, what is your__4__? It can't be a good sentence in your own language.

Languages do not just have different __5__; they are different in many__6__. It is very important to master the rules for__7__ order in study of English, too. If the speaker puts words in a very unusual order, the listener doesn't __8__ the speaker's sentence easily. Sometimes when the order of words in an English sentence is __9__, the meaning of the sentences changes. Let's see the difference between the__8__ sentences:

I visited my old teacher only in the city.

I visited only my old teacher in the city.

So, when you are learning English , you must try your best to grasp the meanings of the language and use it as a native speaker does.

1. A. it B. that C. you D. this

2. A. foreign B. Chinese C. spoken D. native

3. A. see B. find C. look down D. look up

4. A. translation B. meaning C. understanding D. native language

5. A. sounds B. meanings C. translations D. orders

6. A. kinds B. ways C. sentences D. books

7. A. word B. sound C. sentence D. letter

四.阅读理解.(20 分)

Mrs Black gave music lessons at a school. She had a good voice, except that some of her high notes(高音) sound like a door which needed oiling. She knew her weakness well and tried to practise them at every possible time. As she didn't want to disturb(打扰) the rest of the family, she usually went for long walks along the country road. But whenever she heard a car or a person coming down the road, she would stop practicing , because she was very shy.

One afternoon, a fast open car came up behind her so silently that she didn't hear it until it was only few meters from her. She was practising some of the most difficult notes at that time. As the car passed , she saw an anxious expression come over its driver's face. He stopped his car suddenly, jumped out and began to examine all parts carefully.

Mrs Black did not dare to tell him what the noise he had heard really was. He got back into the car and drove off.

1. Mrs Black was _____.
A. a musician B. a driver C. a teacher D. a singer
2. Mrs Black try to practise singing all the time, because _____.
A. she wanted to be a good musician B. she could not sing some high notes well
C she was not satisfied with her voice D. she used to make mistakes in singing
3. Mrs Black went to practise singing _____.
A . in the morning B. outside the house C. at her school D. in the car
4. Which of the following were reason why the fast open car stopped.
 - a. The driver drove the car so fast that it nearly hit Mrs Black
 - b. The driver heard a strange noise from behind.
 - c. The driver was anxious to know why Mrs Black sang so well.
 - d. The driver thought something might be wrong with his car.
A. b;c;d B. a;b;c C. a; d D. b; d
5. When the car passed, Mrs Black _____.
A. was about to start another song B. was practising some difficult notes
C. was enjoying herself with her high notes D. was walking along the country road

B

Once there were two brothers who were twins. They looked exactly alike. They both had the same dark brown hair, blue eyes, and beautiful teeth. They were both 5’10 tall and both weighed 150 pounds. They not only looked alike but also sounded alike on the telephone. Not even their family could tell the difference. They dressed alike, listened to the same music, and read the same books. They even laughed at the same jokes. When they were twenty—three,

they both got married and a year later both had sons. The years went by and as they began to grow old, they both wore glasses and eventually()they both became bald. Then one day, one of the brothers got sick and died. A few days later a man stopped the other twin on the street. “Excuse me for asking,” he said, “but was it you or your brother who died?”

1. It was not easy to tell the two men from each other because _____.
A. they were brothers B. they were handsome C. they were of the same age
D. they were twins
2. The twin brothers_____.
A. looked very much alike B. had different colored hair
C. looked like movie stars D. wore different clothes
3. They both became bald means _____.
A. they become old B. they had sons C. they had little hair D. they got sick
4. They only difference between the twins was _____.
A. One was shorter than the other B. one got sick and died
C. one got married and had a son D. one was bald and the other wasn’t
5. The man stopped the other twin on the street because _____.
A. he wanted to talk with him B. he didn’t know which of them died
C. he wanted to make friends with him D. he was surprised to see him on the street

五. 用所给词的正确形式填空.(20 分)

1. Can you hear someone_____(shout) fr help in distance?
2. The Red Army men managed_____(break) through the enemy’s block.
3. Now “thank you” is becoming more popular in _____(day) life.
4. I have a great _____(difficult) in learning English.

5. It's very _____(danger) to walk on a railway line.
- 6.Thank you for _____ (send) me a nice watch.
- 7.They stood on the top of Mount Tai, _____ (wait) for the sun rising
- 8.The more often you speak, the _____ (easy) it will become for you to express yourself in English.
- 9.Life is difficult. This is one of the greatest _____ (true)
- 10.I have a great _____ (difficult) in learning English grammar.

六.改错。（10 分）

1. The man together with his sons always catch the largest fish.

A B C D

2. Either of te books are mine.

A B C D

3. How foolish for you to make such a mistake.

A B C D

4. I've read the book twice which you are talking about it.

A B C D

5. What a fine weather! Let's go swimming.

A B C D

七. 写作。（10 分）

题目: Talking about Exploring Internet (上网)

要求: 1、 80~100 个词

2、要点: (1) 上网的好处, 如因特网可以使我们很快了解世界上所发生的事情, 使我们的生活更方便 (convenient): 购物、看病、学习、发电子邮件等均可在网上进行。

- (2) 上网的坏处, 如网上不健康的内容和游戏等对学生很坏的影响。
- (3) 总这, 我们应该利用好网络, 只有这样网络才给我们以帮助。